





## Intimations.

DAKIN BROS. OF CHINA,  
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CHEMISTS.

AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS.  
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CHAMPAGNE LEMOINE,  
VIN BRUT, CUVÉE ROYALE.

We are sole Agents in China for the sale of this splendid wine.  
It is supplied regularly to the households of H.R.H. The Prince of Wales, H.R.H. The Duke of Edinburgh, to most of the leading Clubs in London and the provinces, and is also largely patronized at the military and naval stations at home and abroad.

It is a Champagne of the highest character, absolutely natural, without either artificial sweetness or dryness, and we can confidently recommend a trial to all judges of good wine.  
Per Case 1 dozen qts. \$22; per bottle \$2.  
" " " " " \$23 " " \$1.

(Telephone No. 60.)

Nos. 22 & 24, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.  
Hongkong, 23rd May, 1890.

## WINES AND SPIRITS.



BY APPOINTMENT.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD  
(ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.)  
HONGKONG.

WE invite attention to the following old landed Brands, all of which are of excellent quality and good value for the money.  
The same being specially selected by our London House, and bought direct from the most noted Shippers, are imported in wood and bottled by ourselves, thus enabling us to supply the best goods at moderate prices.

In ordering it is only necessary to state the name and quantity of Wine or Spirit wanted, and an initial letter for quality desired.  
Orders through Local Post or by Telegram receive prompt attention.

PORTS. (For Invalids and general use.)

Per Case.	Per Bottle.
A Alto Douro, good quality, Green Capsule.....	\$10.00
B Vintage, Superior quality, Red Capsule.....	12 1.10
C Fine Old Vintage, superior quality, Black Seal Capsule.....	14 1.25
D Very Fine Old Vintage, extra superior, Violet Capsule (Old Bottled).....	18 1.50
SHERRIES.	
A Delicate Pale Dry, dinner wine, Green Capsule.....	6 0.60
B Superior Pale Dry, dinner wine, Green Seal Capsule.....	7.50 0.75
C Manzanilla, Pale Natural Sherry, White Capsule.....	10 1.00
CC Natural Sherry, Red Seal Capsule.....	10 1.00
D Very Superior Old Pale Dry, choice old Wine, White Seal Capsule.....	10 1.00
E Extra Superior Old Pale Dry, very finest quality, Black Seal Capsule (Old Bottled).....	14 1.52
Per Case.	Per Bottle.
CLARETS.	
A Superior Breakfast Claret, Red Capsule.....	\$4.50
B St. Estephe, Red Capsule.....	4.50 5.00
C St. Julien.....	7 7.50
D La Rose.....	11 12.00
Per Case.	Per Bottle.
BRANDY.	
A Hennessy's Old Pale, Red Capsule.....	\$12.00
B Superior Very Old Cognac, Red Capsule.....	14 1.25
C Very Old Liqueur Cognac, Red Capsule.....	18 1.50
D Hennessy's Finest Very Old Liqueur Cognac, 1875 Vintage, Red Capsule.....	24 2.00
SCOTCH WHISKY.	
A Thorne's Blend, White Capsule.....	8 0.75
B Watson's Glenorchy Mellow Blend, Blue Capsule with Name and Trade Mark.....	8 0.75
C Watson's Abouloir-Glenlivet, Red Capsule, with Name and Trade Mark.....	8 0.75
D Watson's H. K. D. Blend of the Finest Scotch Malt Whiskies, Violet Capsule.....	10 1.00
E Watson's Very Old Liqueur Scotch Whisky, Gold Capsule.....	12 1.10
IRISH WHISKY.	
A John Jameson's Old, Green Capsule.....	8 0.75
B John Jameson's Fine Old, Green Capsule.....	10 1.00
C John Jameson's Very Fine Old, Green Capsule.....	12 1.10
GENUINE BOURBON WHISKY, fine old, Red Capsule, with Name.	10 1.00
GIN.	
A Fine Old Tom, White Capsule.....	4.50 0.40
B Fine Unsweetened White Capsule.....	4.50 0.40
C Fine A. V. H. Geneva.....	5.25 0.50
RUM.	
Finest Old Jamaica, Violet Capsule.....	12 1.00
Good Leeward Island.....	\$1.50 per Gallon.
LIQUEURS.	
Benedictine Maraschino	
Curacao Herring's Cherry Cordial	
Chartreuse Dr. Slegert's Angostura Bitters, &c.	

## FIRE AT THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

THE upper floors of our Stanley Street Warehouse were destroyed by fire early this morning.

The damage will not materially interfere with our local business.

The Soda Water Factory and plant are intact and the manufacture of Aerated Waters commenced at 7 o'clock this morning as usual.

The Dispensary and General Store have not been affected by the fire, and business will be transacted as usual.

A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd.  
Hongkong, 23rd May, 1890.

## DEATH.

At "Craigieburn," unexpectedly this morning, Mrs. W. M. GOODMAN, from heart-failure. Aged 41 years.

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, MAY 23, 1890.

## TELEGRAMS.

THE GERMAN IN EAST AFRICA.

LONDON, May 14th.  
In the debate in the Reichstag on the colonial policy of the Government, General Caprivi said it was impossible for Germany to go back without loss of honour and money; that Germany has no intention of encroaching on the British sphere in East Africa, but on the contrary is determined to proceed in harmony with England; that Emin's mission was merely to enter upon relations with the tribes of the interior and to draw up an estimate of the cost of establishing fortified stations.

## A DOUBTFUL COMPLIMENT.

May 21st.  
The Hon. W. M. Deane has been created a Companion of the Order of St. Michael and St. George.

## THE SILVER COINAGE.

A canvass of the Senate shows that all democrats but three support free coinage making with twelve republicans a majority of four.

## (From the Comercio.)

## SPAIN.

MADRID, May 16th.  
Spain is quiet, with the exception of troubles among the Bilbao miners.

Silver has risen a quarter per cent. in the London market.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

THE heavy rain which has prevailed since yesterday afternoon has undermined some thirty feet of the retaining wall of the Parsonage Cemetery, which collapsed this morning.

THE Russian Government has prohibited the circulation in Russia of Hutton's novel, "By Order of the Czar," because it deals with recent events in connection with Nihilism and Semitism.

IN Buenos Ayres an opera-box for sixty nights costs \$7,000. Coal for range or fire-place is from \$38 to \$50 per ton. You may go to the circus for \$5.40. Shoes are worth from \$10 to \$12. But money in Buenos Ayres is made of paper.

"I HAVE this evening been preaching to a congregation of idiots," said a conceited young parson. "Then what was the reason you always call them 'beloved brethren'?" sweetly replied his young lady friend, and an awful silence ensued.

THE following is the result of the race for the One Thousand Guineas Stakes, run at Newmarket on the 2nd inst.:  
Duke of Portland's Semolina..... 1  
Duke of Portland's Memoir..... 2  
B. Ron Rothschild's Fatuiti..... 3

IN 1794 the first silver dollars were turned out by the United States Mint. There were about \$94,000 coined, and yet collectors will pay \$25 for a good specimen of that date. In 1798 but 7,776 dollars were coined; yet they are not very rare, and those of 1799 are comparatively plentiful.

AT the United States Consular Court, Kobe, on the 10th inst., Mr. E. G. Smithers, the Consul, decided that the charge of libel brought against Mr. Mur was not made out. The case, it will be remembered, arose through the receipt by Admiral Belknap of a letter—alleged to be written by the defendant—accusing several individuals of sharp practice at "poker."

THE following telegram, dated New York, April 22nd, is a conundrum:—"A cable from Nice says a serious accident occurred to James Gordon Bennett's yacht, the *Namouna*, in the China Sea. She was struck by a violent squall, three of the crew were washed overboard and the yacht was badly damaged. She managed to reach a port, and repairs are being made."

THE Band of the A. & S. Highlanders will play the following programme at the Barrack Square, this evening, commencing at 7.30 o'clock:—  
March "Glasgow"..... Bonadusa.  
Lancers "Variety"..... D'Evilly.  
Volunteers "Loved and Lost"..... Muller.  
Police "At your pleasure"..... Bonadusa.  
Quadrille "Olympia"..... Williams.  
Galop "Ehrendreiden"..... Gungl.

THE Northern Territory Times tells us that a Chinese digger, who had been working in the neighbourhood of Port Darwin, left that port the other day for Hongkong, bringing with him 63 ounces of alluvial gold, which he took care to register at the Custom House. This lucky Celestial informed the sub-collector of Customs that this parcel of gold was the result of one week's work.

OUR reporter was in error in stating last night that Hudson's Surprise Party had left for Europe by the French mail—only Mr. and Mrs. Hudson were passengers by the *Oceanic*. The lady members of the Company have booked passages to Australia by the China Navigation Co.'s steamer *Changsha* on the 30th inst., and we understand that they intend giving an entertainment in the Theatre Royal, City Hall, on Thursday next, in which they will be assisted by several of our leading amateurs.

THAT the average prophet is without honor in his own country we all know, but when he goes out of his way to prophesy about "furnin parts" he gets badly frost-bitten, as a rule. Our friend "Brownie," in the *Celestial Soporific*, had better read what the *Japan Herald* of the 9th inst. says about him. In an analysis of a previous full-page of "Fragrant Waters Murrum" the editor cuts up every distinct assertion—as distinguished from the usual invertebrate innuendo—therein contained. "Brownie" had better get himself split open and lined with brains.

THE inquiry into the circumstances connected with the Bonham Strand fire, adjourned from the 16th inst., was continued this morning by Mr. Wodehouse at the Magistracy. Inspector Hennessy stated that the bodies of two persons had been found on the premises, buried under a quantity of bricks, mortar, and charred wood. The police had also found about \$300, which was claimed by a Chinaman who was boarding at 68 Bonham Strand on the night of the fire. Mr. Wodehouse and Mr. Dennis, retained in the case by the insurance offices interested and the lessee of the burnt house, were unable to attend at the Magistracy to-day, and in their absence his Worship decided to adjourn the inquiry until next Tuesday morning. The police having no objections, his Worship ordered the money recovered from the ruins to be handed over to the claimant.

"I LOVE this old horse," said the gallant Colonel. "I feel that he saved my life at Gettysburg." "How?" "He kicked me in the stomach before the battle, so that I couldn't go on the field, and my substitute got shot in the neck."

THE steamship *Fuyo*, which arrived at Kobe the other day from Nagasaki, picked up a crew of eight Japanese off Rock Island, that were on some lumber of a junk which had been wrecked. They say they saw a Russian man-of-war passing them and signalled to it, but it took no notice of them and passed on.

MR. WALTER JACKSON (of Messrs. Lane and Crawford) and a friend, Mr. Lawrence Mallory, while practicing with a small saloon rifle at Kowloon on Sunday last, unconsciously gave three soldiers of the 91st, who were watching, a very close call, several of the bullets passing within a few inches of their heads. The soldiers entered a complaint, and Messrs. Jackson and Mallory appeared at the Police Court this morning before Mr. Robinson, who being convinced that no harm was intended, dismissed the case with a caution.

OUR old friend General "Activity" lost no time in getting to work after arriving at the Cape. He had a warm welcome, being received on landing by the staff, a guard of honour and an immense concourse of people. And then, says the *Cape Argus*, "General Cameron immediately inspected that guard of honour, questioning the officer in charge as to the height of the men, and evidently not taking the inspection as a formal affair. It is expected that the General will introduce various alterations at the Cape in military matters."

WE learn from Manila that "Barabbas, the robber," was captured rather neatly a fortnight ago. He had been living in the hotel quite openly for some time, and on the day in question he was called to the Colonial Secretary's office to get his papers, which had been detained for examination. When asked if he was Señor Barabbas he innocently answered that he was. He was therefore requested to accompany one of the swarm of soldiers, and he would get what he wanted. They got into a carriage—and pulled up at the goal. D. V., and the Spanish Government permitting, he will be here within a week.

FIGHTING in Edie, says the *Straits Independent* of the 10th inst., is still carried on by the Achinese, who seem determined to drive the Dutch out of the place. Fortunately for the latter, the enemy, though very brave, is badly armed, or they would have a very hard nut to crack just now. Scarcely a day passes without a skirmish taking place at one point or another, the result being generally in favour of the Dutch, who manage to retain their positions. People who have just come over from Edie assert that the Achinese feel confident that if they had a sufficient number of breech loading rifles and cartridges, they would drive the Dutch out of Sumatra in less than three months.

AT the Central Police Station, this afternoon, in the presence of many of the European and Indian constables, Major-General Gordon, Acting Captain Superintendent, presented a fourth-class medal to P. C. 70, Green, for his bravery in capturing the armed thief at Yau-mai-ti, on the 28th ult. In making the presentation Major-General Gordon expressed the pleasure he felt at having to perform that duty, and briefly recapitulated the circumstances under which Green displayed such gallantry. It was not the first time that either European or Indian constables had so distinguished themselves, and it was such conduct as that which had caused the colony to so highly appreciate the bravery and integrity of the guardians of the public peace. He then made the presentation, and added a few timely words respecting the necessity for sobriety and attention to duty.

MR. JAMES GORDON BENNET cables to the New York Herald from London under date April 20th:—"An opportunity for a British capture of an inhumanity perpetrated under the British colors is offered in Borneo. Recent accounts from the states in that island, under British protection, represent that thousands of coolies, virtually kidnapped from China, are held in a condition of slavery to which that of the American Southern States was comparatively mild. These poor creatures are induced to leave their homes under misrepresentations, and once in Borneo, they are kept in bondage from which there is no release except by death. If they attempt to escape they are hunted like wild beasts, rewards being offered for their capture. It is called the contract labor system, but it is in reality a servitude. The English colonial authorities are wilfully blind to these hideous evils, while societies in London and other parts of the country are raising money and proposing expeditions for the suppression of slavery in Africa."

THE Duke and Duchess of Connaught left Japan on the 7th inst., being received in audience by the Emperor and Empress at Japan the previous day. His Majesty the Emperor signified his pleasure at the Duke and Duchess by conferring on the former the Grand Star of the Chrysanthemum and on the latter the Grand Star of the Crown. His Majesty would have performed this act of courtesy himself, as he did in the case of the Princess Albert Victor and George, who did not contrive to Japanese etiquette for the sovereign to enter a foreign home within his own dominions. Prince Komatsu was therefore the bearer of the orders which His Majesty, at his meeting with their Royal Highnesses the previous evening, had intimated his desire to confer. It is interesting to observe that the Duke of Connaught is the second son of His Majesty the Queen's sons to whom Prince Komatsu has had the pleasure of presenting the Grand Star of the Chrysanthemum; for it was to his Imperial Highness that the duty of carrying the same order to the Prince of Wales was entrusted in 1887.

AT the City Hall last evening the vocal, musical, and muscular talent of the gallant 91st Regiment was displayed before a large and enthusiastic audience, with the object of raising funds to provide summer quarters at the Peak for the wives and children of the non-commissioned officers and men. The concert was under the auspices of Col. Chater and the officers, and the lengthy and varied programme was gone through without a hitch. The songs were all comic, and most of them were very cleverly rendered. Like other delighted foreigners we have always had a sort of notion that Scotchmen as a rule were void of humour, and took at least five minutes to see a doubly transparent joke; but we are of quite another opinion after last night's experience with the A. & S. Highlanders. The step dancing was marvellously clever, the sailors' performance was a most attractive feature, and the manner in which the professional cork was the envy and admiration of many of the hapless Benedicts present. This trick, if put up to auction, would fetch a fortune. The light-weight boxing was first-rate, and the selections played by the band added greatly to the enjoyment of the audience. Carriages rolled up a little before midnight, and even then the show seemed all too brief. A repetition of last night's performance would draw like a blister.

"YES," said the learned youth, "I reached forward and struck him on the optic, and a minute later his alter ego was in mourning." "His what?" inquired his fond parent. "His alter ego—his other eye, you know."

A SWITCHBACK railway for Manila, built by Messrs. Riley, Hingee & Co. for Mr. G. Gaggino, the *concessionaire*, was shipped at Singapore on the 13th inst. by the steamer *España*. The railway weighs seventy tons.

IN 1869-70 the price of gas in Glasgow, Scotland, was 4/9 per 1,000 feet, and 1,016,000,000 feet were consumed. In 1887-88 the price was reduced to 2/9 per 1,000 feet, and the amount sold was 2,427,000,000, an increase of 140 per cent, while the population had only increased 20 per cent.

## DEATH OF MRS. W. M. GOODMAN.

Last night, after a few days' illness, Mrs. W. M. Goodman, wife of the Attorney-General, died at Craigieburn.

At the Supreme Court this morning the case of *Mody v. Gorman* was to have come on, but at the sitting of the Court his lordship (Mr. Fielding Clarke) said:—"Mr. Francis—I have only to refer to the very sad news which has just reached us, of the bereavement of the learned Attorney-General, and to express a heartfelt sorrow and sympathy with him on the occasion—a sorrow which I am sure will be shared by all the members of the Bar. All who had the honor and happiness of knowing Mrs. Goodman will know what a sad loss it is, and under these circumstances the learned counsel engaged in this case have requested that the business of the Court should be adjourned—a request to which I readily accede, as a very small tribute of our sorrow and sympathy. I adjourn the Court until Tuesday."

Mr. Francis added—I may say for my friend (Mr. A. J. Leach) and myself, and for every member of the Bar—although many of them are not present here to-day, probably not having heard of the sad event—that we deeply sympathize with the Attorney-General in the very severe loss he has sustained, and desire to convey to him our sincere condolence.

The Court then adjourned.

The meeting of the Legislative Council was adjourned until Friday next for the same reason.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

(We do not necessarily endorse the opinions expressed by Correspondents in this column.)

## THE NATURAL HISTORY OF THE CHINESE BOY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONGKONG TELEGRAPH."—MR. EDITOR—Your paper printed some articles on "The Natural History of the Chinese Boy," and my master gave me them to read. I do not write English very well, I read it better. I will write you all about the same, but not now. I am a Chinese boy, and the end of the No. IV. part of me is this:—"measured by what it has totally failed to do, when it might and should have done it, we charge Confucianism with being intellectually one of the most elaborate, compendious, and far-reaching failures which have ever wrought out its ultimate results upon this distracted earth."

This is very big English and fine long words, which I ask my master what he thinks. My master is No. 1 good Christian and he says "All dam Missionary rot." I do not know. You know, perhaps?

Our Confucianism is intellectually a big failure, your paper says. I would like some smart man to write for us and show you it is not. Is your Christianity a big failure also? But it is not an intellectual failure for it is not intellectual; a fool, if he have what the missionary says is faith, is a good Christian. But which is the big failure?

Our Confucianism makes us love our ancestors, parents, wives, and families. It makes us patient, contented, industrious, and quiet citizens. More than 340 millions of us are ruled easily by our Government, which you say is not so good as yours, and we are orderly. Your Christianity, does it make better sons, better fathers, better citizens?

Your Missionaries have given in to our Government a memorial about opium, and it says "the policy of the British Government has been totally at variance with the principles of the Christian religion." When will Christianity make your Governments Christian?

Your paper says a missionary named A. S. Dyer has wrote about China "its morality is higher than that of what Chinese regard as Christian rule, as exemplified in Hongkong." Your Christianity is not it a big failure? It has been long about about Missionary Dyer says our morality is higher than yours is.

What do you Christians do more better than we? I want to know. Are you better citizens? Do you love your parents and children better than we? Do not your countries go to war and kill your people? Do not your people in England, in Europe, in America steal or lie, or cheat, or "squeeze"? Are your people more orderly, and more contented, and more industrious than we are? Have not your countries got many poor, and do your rich men take care of them? Do your priests and your missionaries preach and pray for nothing? Can your poor people help in the courts for nothing? Do your women keep true to their husbands? Do not your men kidnap the wives of other men? Do not your women kill their babies? Do not your sons murder their fathers? I want to know this same. What has Christianity done to make your people better than we are? You call us heathens—we call you barbarians. Which is right? We study only to be wise because what we learn is wisdom; you study only to be able to grow rich. We are willing to let you be, and let us do that. Your missionaries come and call our Confucianism a big failure. Your missionaries are not polite. They are bigoted. I think and small-minded, but not we.

AH SING.

Hongkong, 23rd May, 1890.

[Of course our so-called Christianity is a big failure.—Ed.]

## NEWS BY THE AMERICAN MAIL.

THE P. M. S. S. Co.'s steamer *City of Rio de Janeiro*, Capt. W. W. Ward, bringing a large cargo of goods from San Francisco to the 28th ult., arrived here last night. The following telegrams are taken from our San Francisco exchanges:—

LONDON, April 20th.  
The Czar of Russia is attempting to spoil one of the prettiest royal romances of the age. He has just broken off the engagement between his cousin, the Grand Duke Michael Michaelowitch, and the beautiful Countess Ignatieff, daughter of the Russian Ambassador to Turkey.  
The engagement between these young people (the Duke is only 28 years of age and the Countess five years younger) was the result of love at first sight. Count Ignatieff, however, is not a *prima donna* with the Czar, and hence his objection to his cousin's wish to ally himself so closely with the diplomatist's family.

Many promises were suggested, but none proved acceptable to the Czar until Grand Duke Michael offered to relinquish all his titles and privileges and live abroad with his wife. To this the Czar consented, but Count Ignatieff objected, as he considers himself destined to play an important part in Russian politics, and that he will be able to arrange the marriage on his own terms in the course of time. Consequently the Grand Duke has been sent to travel, and the young Countess has been appointed a maid of honor to the Czarina.

Eighteen district meetings were held in London to-day in response to the call of the Federation of Labor Unions, and all voted in favor of the proposed demonstration on May 1st. The largest contingent assembled in Hyde Park and was addressed by Socialist John Williams, who said that workmen should now show their pluck and unite with their brother laborers abroad in making May 1st their own holiday.

LISBON, April 20th.—Major Serpa Pinto arrived here to-day and was enthusiastically greeted by a large crowd of citizens.

Threatening groups paraded the streets during the day and evening, crying "Vive Serpa Pinto!" The British Consulate is guarded by police. So far there has been no disturbance.

VIENNA, April 20th.—The city is placarded with posters signed by the Civil Governor warning workmen against leaving work on May 1st without permission.

Employers are left the option of giving their hands a holiday or not, but the Government, at the largest labor employer in the country, announces that those men who take a holiday on that day will not be received back.

The worst trouble is feared at Pesth. The Mayor informed the leader of the labor movement that no procession would be permitted on May 1st. He replied that with or without permission a demonstration would take place.

Workmen in the mines and iron works of the Prague Industrial Company, and of the Austro-Alpine Mining Company threaten to strike if at eight-hour working day is not granted. The movement is ominous of a general strike throughout the empire, and causes the gravest fears among the authorities. At Klado, where 17,000 men threaten to strike, the authorities ask for troops, and other industrial centers make similar demands, the local authorities declaring that they are powerless to maintain order.

BERLIN, April 20th.—The *Hamburger Nachrichten* denies that its recent articles against Chancellor von Caprivi were instigated by Bismarck. At the same time it announces that the Prince will not relinquish his connection with the press, and intends soon to appear in the upper house of the Landtag, and will also accept a candidature for the Reichstag. The *Nachrichten* adds: "It would be a great mistake to imagine the ex-Chancellor as old and broken down, or to suppose that he will remain a passive spectator of events. The German people have the right to know the Prince's views on important questions."

HALIFAX, April 20th.—The steamer *Vanguard* arrived at Harbor Grace, N.E., with 15,000 sealions. On her homeward voyage she encountered a heavy gale and was badly damaged. Fifteen of the crew sustained serious bodily injuries.

PARIS, April 20th.—During the past week President Carnot has, in all places visited by him in the south of France, been received with cordiality by the Catholic clergy, who have hitherto been unalterably hostile to the republic. It is known that this change of sentiment is the result of direct intimations from the Vatican. At Marseilles the Roman Catholic Bishop formally and officially, as representative of Leo XIII., received President Carnot and gave him his blessing as a true son of the church. At Aix the Archbishop went still further. He publicly and explicitly declared M. Carnot to be the head of the state by divine right and by divine appointment. These utterances, lavished inexpressible dismay throughout the Royalist ranks, for hitherto the Roman Church has been the chief support of the Comte de Paris.

VIENNA, April 21st.—The labor movement is occasioning such wholesale changes in the location of troops that the military condition of the country resembles a time of war. The major portion of the Czecho-garrison is distributed through the Ostrow district. Constant drafts are made on other garrisons to protect towns where there is a large population of laboring classes. In the districts where the strikes had their origin, and the strikers still have the strongest centre, constabulary prevails. Cavalry is being drafted from the neighboring garrisons in this vicinity and quartered in the suburbs of this city, where the disorderly elements are congregated in alarming numbers. On May day the whole Vienna garrison will be confined to the barracks and held in readiness for action. In the most dangerous parts of the town it is even intended to billet two men in each house. Similar preparations are being made at Brest, Brunn, and other large towns. The preparations are made openly, in the hope that the riotous spirit will be cooled.

CITY OF MEXICO, April 21st.—At the conclusion of a bull fight at Guadalupe yesterday, a section of the amphitheatre collapsed, precipitating thousands of spectators to the ground. The scene which followed was terrible. Those who had not been hurt by the fall, trampled over hundreds of the bruised and injured intensifying their sufferings. The police were called in and with the aid of some spectators occupying the part of the plaza which was intact, succeeded in rescuing the wounded from under the bricks, stones, timbers, and other debris. While no deaths are reported, many persons have received wounds which may prove fatal.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 21st.—It is stated that Colonel Schmidt, who sold the plans of the Cronstadt fortress, has been sentenced to be shot.

SYDNEY (N. S. W.), April 21st.—The Darling river is still rising. A large expanse of country is flooded. Several buildings in the submerged town of Bonke have collapsed. Hundreds of inhabitants have taken refuge in the railway depot, the Custom-house and the Post Office, which are protected by dams.

HALIFAX, April 21st.—Newfoundland advises that the Government has decided that for this season only the present "Balt act" is to be carried out, under licenses, by which all foreigners will be permitted to purchase one barrel of ball per ton of their register on payment of tonnage dues.

PARIS, April 21st.—The *Gaulois* says that the Dahomians made two vigorous assaults upon the French position in Dhomey. Four French pickets were captured by the Dahomians and beheaded. The French retaliated by beheading five of the female warriors of the King.

ROME, April 21st.—The Crown Prince, who is now travelling in Southern Russia, met with a railroad accident to-day. As the train was leaving Vladikavkaz it was thrown from the tracks by the breaking of a wheel of one of the cars. The Prince was severely injured.

CITY OF MEXICO, April 21st.—The Tampico branch of the Mexican Central Railway has been opened for regular traffic. President Diaz favors a system of Savings Banks throughout the country.  
Work on the harbor of Vera Cruz is being pushed to the utmost.

BERLIN, April 21st.—Emperor William arrived here to-day on his tour, and this afternoon laid the foundation stone of a monument to his grandaunt, William I. This evening the city was illuminated in honor of the Emperor's visit.

LISBON, April 21st.—Minister Arroyo has sent instructions to Mr. Ambrose directing that in view of negotiations with England the expedition to Chimo under Captain Continho be stopped and compelled to return to the coast.

BERLIN, April 21st.—Sixteen thousand Berlin shoemakers have struck for a ten-hour day and a raise in wages.

DUBLIN, April 21st.—Two thousand spinners at Newry have struck for higher wages.

Evictions on the Ponsonby estate have been resumed. Fourteen families have been evicted.

BUENOS AYRES, April 21st.—Gold has declined within ten days from 318 to 260.

LONDON, April 21st.—Conell



manner, and walk with a swagger; but many of them are young and good looking.

**BRUSSELS, April 23rd.**  
In the Deputies to-day, President of the Ministerial Council, referring to King Leopold's speech yesterday, said that the King really alluded to his plan of endowing Belgium with the Congo Free State. He added that the principal act of his career would be to assist the King to do this.

At a luncheon given by the Anti-Slavery Society to-day Stanley said that an effort toward suppressing slavery without the assistance and direction of local officials of the Powers occupying Africa would be disastrous.

**BREMEN, April 23rd.**  
Queen Victoria arrived at Darmstadt to-day. Her Majesty was received at the railroad station by the municipal authorities and other prominent officials. The guard of honor was also present. The Emperor, who for some months past has been endeavoring to see what effect toleration and kindness would have on the socialist agitation, has now determined to take an opposite course regarding the proposed 1st of May demonstrations. Forty halls that had already been rented by labor organizations will be closed on May Day; all liquor saloons will be compelled to close their doors and strong guards will be at the entrances. Street gatherings are forbidden, and those disobeying orders will be instantly and severely punished. In fact, Berlin will be declared in a state of siege for one day, as bloodshed is apprehended by the authorities.

**VIENNA, April 23rd.**  
There is a high palace authority for stating that the army proposes to take a hand in the 1st of May demonstration, great dissatisfaction existing in the ranks with regard to their pay. It is further stated that the officers are in full sympathy with the workmen, and if the rank and file are not appeased by increased toleration there is danger that, on the 1st of May, the army will fraternize with the socialists instead of firing on them. In view of this state of things great precautions have been taken by the authorities. All the strikers in the Ostrau and Karwin districts except 1500 have resumed work.

**ST. PETERSBURG, April 23rd.**  
Documents embodying plans for the mobilization of the Russian troops on the German and Austrian frontiers, in the event of war, have been stolen from the War Office.

**SYDNEY (N. S. W.), April 23rd.**  
The flood caused by the overflow of the Darling river is subsiding. A fund has been opened for the benefit of the sufferers.

**CITY OF MEXICO, April 23rd.**  
Yesterday Mexican forces attacked the Yaqui Indians at Los Conones de Jubsibuen and La Conia, and after several hours' fighting, routed them. The Mexicans lost one officer and two soldiers, and five soldiers were wounded. The Indian loss was heavy, but the number killed is not known.

**STUTTGART, April 23rd.**  
The Club of Nobles of this city has ostracized Baron Munich because he was elected by the Reichstag as a representative of the People's party. The Baron has challenged eight of the members of the club.

**LONDON, April 24th.**  
Gladstone resumed the debate on the Land Purchase bill in the Commons this evening. He said he was opposed to the bill under the overwhelming conviction that it was complicated, without undertaking to solve the difficulty. He had been encouraged to hope for a solution by Lord Salisbury's declaration that the measure would not impose a burden upon the British taxpayer. He was disappointed, however, when Balfour informed the House that the measure pledged the country to the extent of £33,000,000 without mentioning the possibility of further amounts being asked.

Regarding Parnell's plan, it was new in principle. Its general purpose was clear, but he was not certain that he comprehended the details. [Conservative laughter.] He strongly sympathized with one object of Parnell's plan, whereby the landlords would not be expropriated, but would be retained. It would be a sorrowful conclusion of the life of the landlord class if when local government was established in Ireland they did not take part in adjusting affairs. Balfour's bill ought to be confined to landlords already in possession. It should not encourage landlords to become buyers of land in order to take advantage of the enormous bonus offered. [Hear, hear.] The provision respecting two years' arrears also required justification, which it would be difficult to find. [Cheers.]

Coming to what he called the constitutional objections, he urged that it was obvious Ireland opposed the measure, in view of the fact that five-sixths of the Irish members deliberately and determinedly opposed it. [Cheers.] As the Government was going to make Ireland its debtor, it was important to consider what was the attitude of the persons about to be subjected to debt. State landlordism implied the use of soldiers against the tenant, and the use of every weapon of the State to enforce an unpopular law. Cochen said that Gladstone's contention, that tenants would be deprived of the benefits intended for them, destroyed Morley's argument that non-purchase tenants would be able to get their rents lowered to the same scale as the purchasers' rents. He agreed with both Gladstone and Parnell in desiring to retain the landlords in Ireland, but the bill did not necessarily lead to expropriation.

T. W. Russell, Liberal Unionist, approved the bill on all points.

Dillon, Nationalist, said if the contested districts were a disgrace to the country during the last century it was a reproach to the imperial Parliament. Arguing that guarantees were illusory, he said that during a period of famine or distress tenants might refuse to pay their installments and the Government would be utterly powerless to enforce payment. Furthermore, there was danger of the Fenian movement entailing a loss of millions to England. He favored land purchase, but not under coercion. It is now openly announced that Mrs. Langtry and Freddy Goshard are "out," and that the Jersey Lily is receiving the attentions of Lord Lurgan, an Irish peer. He follows her around with affecting devotion, and entertains her at elaborate dinners and suppers, at which brother guardsmen and a sister of Mrs. Langtry, a beautiful woman of about 30, are also guests. These dinners are given at Lord Lurgan's residence, 43 St. James place, which is only a stone's throw from Mrs. Langtry's theatre. Lord Lurgan is a handsome and wealthy bachelor of 35. His family name is Brownlow and the title was created in 1859.

A fire in the oil refinery of Sir W. A. Rose & Co. last night caused a damage of £120,000.

**HAVANA, April 24th.**  
The Robota Liqueur Factory at Sagua has burned. Loss, \$300,000.

**NEW YORK, April 24th.**  
A Sun London cable says: Robert Nelson Hill, who styles himself "The Roaring Lion of Queen Victoria," and who lives at 791 Peasloe avenue, this city, has sent a challenge to John L. Sullivan to meet him in the sixth arena. Hill is a nephew of Tom Sayers, and claims to be willing to box Jackson, Sullivan or any other stogger.

**VIENNA, April 24th.**  
A serious anti-Semitic demonstration has occurred at Bala, in Galicia. A mob numbering 4000 attacked the Jewish quarter and wrecked and sacked a number of dwellings and shops. The troops were called out, but did not succeed in restoring order before three of the mob were killed and ten injured.

**PARIS, April 24th.**  
The *Dix-neuvieme Siècle* declares that Emperor William's proposed hunting tour in Alsace is really nothing more nor less than a pretext for finding an opportunity to try a sham siege of Strasbourg. The Emperor's purpose is believed to be to test the Garrison of that place. It is rumored there are serious serious dissensions in the French Ministry. An early collapse of the Cabinet is feared.

It is stated that the Duke of Orleans has a profit of liberty made by the Government, owing to the conditions imposed. It is expected that the Duke will be married while undergoing imprisonment.

**MOSCOW, April 24th.**  
Five sisters named D'Amovitch, the youngest 19 years old, committed suicide here to-day. Ashes found in their apartment showed that they burned a number of papers before taking their lives. It is believed fear of arrest as nihilists led to the commission of the deed.

**OTTAWA, April 24th.**  
The report of the special committee appointed to investigate the charges made concerning the funeral of General Middleton during the Riel rebellion has been made. The committee considers that while the General acted under a misconception, the appropriation of funds for his own purposes was highly improper.

In the House of Commons to-day a bill extending the *modus vivendi* with the United States for another year passed its third and final reading. There was hardly any opposition.

**MONTREVIDO, April 24th.**  
A newspaper says it has a telegram from Rio Janeiro announcing a crisis in the Brazilian Cabinet, in that Barbosa and Bocayuva, Secretaries of State and Foreign Affairs, are about to resign.

**LONDON, April 25th.**  
It is stated that Sir Francis de Winton will start for Mombassa in May to assume the direction of the affairs of the British East Africa Company. He will be accompanied by several energetic officers of the company, who are determined to push an expedition into the interior of Africa without delay.

It is evident from the tone of the English press that the English are very much disturbed over the new aspect of affairs in Africa. They daily give token of their perturbation, and though some of the Government organs profess to minimize the African business, and ridicule the idea that such a mild-mannered man as Emin will be able to supplant English endeavors, yet it is plain that a genuine surprise and alarm have seized them.

Now that German writers have torn away the veil of philanthropy which concealed the real designs of the English Emin Relief Committee and shown that the committee's plans for relieving Emin included his enrollment as a British agent, the rage of English press at Emin's ingratitude knows no bounds.

The latest scheme urged is a congress of all the powers interested in Africa, which shall agree upon a partition of that continent. The proposal is put forth by English papers as the best and only possible amicable arrangement, and neither England nor Germany will be likely to renounce while such a proposition is being discussed.

But the scramble for Africa having fairly begun, the strict observance of their respective spheres of influence will be little respected by the leaders of exploring parties. The British East Africa Company is quietly preparing an expedition, whose object will be to circumvent Emin and hold the interior of the British interest until Stanley can take command, establish treaties and begin the enormous work of opening the country.

The *Times* in its financial article says: America is practically committed to the open adoption of the silver standard at a not very remote date. This is an odd position for one of the richest nations of the world to occupy, but only a currency fanatic will allege that it is necessarily bad for America, though possibly, when the full consequences of the situation are perceived, Americans may not altogether like them. In the immediate future the measure, if passed, will doubtless be popular.

The trial for libel by George Augustus Sala against Furniss, the caricaturist, to-day resulted in a verdict of £5 damages for the plaintiff. Furniss poked fun at Sala in an after-dinner speech.

In the committee stage of the Land Purchase bill the Government will submit the clauses embodying Parnell's motion. Parnell declares that Goshen's offer is a trap, as his scheme can only be effective when worked by itself.

The quartermen in Holywell, Wales, have struck for an advance in wages.

**BREMEN, April 25th.**  
The Bundesrath has sanctioned the abrogation of the law of 1874, by which priests who failed to comply with the May laws rendered themselves liable to imprisonment and banishment. The Kaiser, while he disapproves the proposed manifestation on May day, is inclined to take the matter very coolly. He does not think it advisable to interfere in any way. He thinks it wise to let the demonstration take place, and let the outcome be his guide of action in the future. No special measure will be taken to preserve order, but troops will be confined to their barracks in the suburbs, where 20,000 men can be brought together by the beat of a drum at any time in an hour extraordinary measures are scarcely necessary.

Count Waldersee received the *Herald's* correspondent at the general staff building just before he left for Bremen. He wore the undress frock coat of his own regiment, the Thirteenth Lancers. "As far as I myself am concerned," he said, "I am a mere spectator. I believe in allowing workmen their will in the matter of a demonstration on May day. I also, however, favor allowing every employer to choose his own methods of dealing with his workmen, under the circumstances even if he goes to the length of saying, 'Take part in the demonstration if you please, but if you do you are discharged.' The active service in the army will on no account be allowed to take part in the manifestation. If scenes of violence occur the authorities will intervene with all the force at their disposal for the protection of peaceful citizens."

"There is, however, a humorous side to the matter," added the Count, with a merry gleam in his eye, "if all the workmen turn out, because every employer must turn out, too, and if there are no workmen there can be no beer, and without beer where is enthusiasm to come from?"

**VIENNA, April 25th.**  
The men in the gas works have given notice that they will strike in two weeks unless granted an increase in wages.

Advices from St. Petersburg state that Captain Schmidt, who sold the plans of the torpedo defenses to the English and German attaches, will be shot and the plans altered.

**DUBLIN, April 25th.**  
Tully, the editor of the *Roscommon Herald*, was to-day sentenced to nine months' imprisonment at hard labor for a violation of the Censorship act.

**CALCUTTA, April 25th.**  
Two hired ruffians made an attempt to murder the Devron of Cambay, but were unsuccessful. They were captured.

**ZANZIBAR, April 25th.**  
Emin Pasha started for the interior, with 600 porters, five German officers, and a large body of Arab soldiers.

**BUENOS AYRES, April 25th.**  
It is announced that an English syndicate has purchased the Western Railway for \$41,000,000 in gold. This leaves Buenos Ayres a surplus of \$16,000,000. The Finance Minister says he is confident that with this surplus the Government will be able to control currency gambling. Gold is at 140 premium.

**CAIRO, April 25th.**  
A Coptic clerk, who was an employee of Emin Bey while Emin was at Wadadi, has made a sworn deposition before Mason Bey to the effect that the revolt of Emin's forces was solely due to the discovery of Emin's plans to surrender his province to the Mahdi. Emin, according to the clerk's statements, sent three messengers to the Mahdi offering to surrender, but they were seized and stopped by Emin's officers. A revolt followed this discovery. Mason Bey considers this statement credible.

**PARIS, April 25th.**  
Dispatches from Kotonau say that the Dahomians have advanced and occupied a position only one kilometer from Porto Novo. The war ship *Mesange* landed fifty men to re-enforce the French troops.

**SYDNEY (N. S. W.), April 25th.**  
The sculling race for the championship of the world between Peter Kemp and Neil Matterson took place to-day on the Parramatta river. It resulted in a victory for Kemp.

Kemp took the lead at the start and kept it throughout the race. He won by forty lengths. Time, 21m. 13s.

**DUBLIN, April 26th.**  
Davitt's efforts have failed to remove the deadlock between the railroad men and their employers. Freight traffic has been stopped, and passenger and mail trains are giving erratic service.

The signal men who struck will be prosecuted for endangering public safety. The people are irritated by the loss of trade and the diversion of the American mails to Southampton, and no sympathy is felt for the strikers.

It is learned that serious trouble occurred during eviction proceedings on Thursday on the Ponsonby estate. Patrick Stanton, the tenant, defied the entire party of bailiffs and police, having placed an iron gate as a barricade inside the doors of his house.

The doors were soon cut to pieces with axes by the Sheriff's men, but they found it impossible to remove the gate inside. They then tried to effect an entrance through the windows, but Stanton battered their bars with a shovel.

A large crowd of tenants assembled and a serious riot ensued, many receiving severe injuries. After a fearful struggle several tenants were arrested.

**(TITWAHA, April 26th.)**  
The first of the new vessels now being built by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for the Vancouver-China route, will be launched about the beginning of November. It is the intention of the company to send them to the Pacific coast via the Suez Canal, and to furnish at the time one of the grandest excursion trips ever undertaken around the world under the British flag.

All the room in the first vessel has been engaged and passengers are now being booked for the second steamer. When these greyhounds of the Pacific are on the China route it is expected by the passage fast service on railways it will be possible for the Canadian Pacific Railway to land passengers and freight from China to New York before the United States steamers can land them in San Francisco.

**LONDON, April 26th.**  
The United States and British governments have made an imperative demand that the Delagoa Railway question shall be settled by arbitration. The United States and British Ministers had a long interview to-day with the Foreign Minister, who has the affair under consideration.

**RIO JANEIRO, April 26th.**  
The report of a Ministerial crisis in Uruguay is false. According to the newspapers of Montevideo Ministers Boyacura and Ruy Barboza still retain their portfolios.

**LONDON, April 26th.**  
Pettitt, the American lawn tennis champion, made his first appearance in England at the Queen's Club to-day, defeating Sir Edward Grey by 3 to 2.

A dispatch from Brussels to the *Times* says: Holland proposes to increase the duty on American petroleum imported into the Dutch Indies, in reprisal for the American increase of the duty on raw tobacco. In Dutch commercial circles the advisability is being discussed of common European action against American protection.

**PARIS, April 27th.**  
Countess Kessler, daughter of Admiral Lynch, has brought an action against the *Matin*, *Soir*, and *Parti National* newspapers, for accusing her of being a Prussian spy and giving receipts with sinister ends; also for accusing her of stealing Boulanger's mobilizing scheme.

President Carnot has received a letter from the King of Dahomey complaining that the French attacked him without warning and without declaring war against him. The French merchants now in his power will be kept as hostages.

The municipal elections passed off quietly. In the suburbs the police destroyed a number of Orleansist and Boulangerist placards. Twelve Republicans were elected and fifty-nine new ballots will be necessary. Of the latter, the voting to-day favored the Republicans in forty-two cases, the Boulangerists in thirteen and the Conservatives in four.

President Carnot has returned to Paris. The Royalist Deputy for Belleville has been sentenced to pay 1,000 francs fine and 10,000 francs damages for libelling Goblet.

**STRANDING OF THE "CELESTIAL."**  
The steamer *Celestial* arrived in Singapore on the 14th inst. from Java ports and will go into dry dock at New Harbour Dock this afternoon (15th). As already reported the *Celestial* has been ashore close to Batavia harbour. The steamer left Singapore at nine o'clock on Monday night, Feb. 5th, for Batavia and Samarang. She was in charge of Captain Smith, but her first and second officers were laid up with rheumatism and were unfit for duty. The straggling and tidal waves were therefore left to keep watch and watch with the master, who was unable to leave the deck at any time. Everything went well until about four o'clock on the morning of the 8th (Thursday) when a heavy squall struck the ship, then about ten miles from Aden Strait. The engines were slowed down and all necessary precautions taken. About five o'clock the weather cleared up and the engines were again put full speed ahead. It was, however, still hazy. At half-past seven, the *Celestial* then being about a mile and a half off Tanjung Priok, the port bow, a buoy was sighted on the port bow. The helm was at once put hard over to starboard, but the ship would not answer the helm quick enough. The engines were stopped at once and ordered full speed astern. Notwithstanding all these precautions

the steamer took the ground at about half-past seven. The lead had been kept going all the time; two men went into the water and the master, with the Serang, was on deck. The water shoaled suddenly from seven fathoms to three fathoms. At the time that the steamer struck she was within two miles of

entering the harbour. Putting the engines full speed astern could not bring her off and it was not until lighters came off from the shore and lightened her that she floated again about seven o'clock the same night. She then proceeded to Tanjung Priok, where the pilot took charge and safely moored her alongside the wharf. At daylight on the 9th (Friday) the *Celestial* continued on her voyage to Samarang, from which port she arrived last night (14th). She is not making any water and is not thought to have been severely injured. From what we can hear the *Celestial*, at the best of times, is a bad ship to steer. At the time of the stranding there was a strong current, a strong current to the eastward.—*Free Press*.

**BRITISH NORTH BORNEO.**

Sandakan, 1st May, 1890.

At a meeting of Council held on 18th April the disputed claims to the arrears of the Sulu cession money were discussed, and it was the opinion of the Council that the only course open to the Government was to retain the arrears until one of the rival claimants withdrew his claim. It was agreed to be better to substitute numbers for names in street nomenclature in view of the difficulty that Chinese and others have in re-remembering and pronouncing the present names. The steps taken by the Governor to preserve valuable orchids, insects, &c., from reckless, selfish, and wanton depredations met with the hearty approval of the Council. Other matters also of lesser public interest were discussed.

A report has reached Government that some Dyaks have made a head-hunting raid on a village above Sungai Rayah on the upper Papar. Mr. Wheatley will probably be sent to make enquiries.

A Labuan correspondent informs us that several of the Limbang chiefs are petitioning the British Government to prevent the annexation of the river by the Rajah of Sarawak and to return to the *status quo*.

Mr. Morgan, having followed up a few smaller seams of coal without success, has now struck one of 20 inches from which better results are expected. This seam, like the others, is on the Lella Road, about a mile and a half from town and close to the sea beach.

The Sultan of Brunei, who by the deed of cession is entitled to ask advice from the Company's Government in cases of difficulty, has written to H.E. the Governor to know what course he should take in reference to the annexation of the Limbang by the Rajah of Sarawak.

Messrs. Dunlop and Hastings with a strong force of police left Sandakan on the 17th inst. for the Upper Labuk and Sugut in pursuit of two large gangs of deserters from Messrs. van Marle and Van der Hoeven's estates. It is feared that if the runaways are not soon overtaken and captured they may have trouble with the interior tribes.

The hot weather during the last half of the month is much appreciated in planting circles and the health of the coolies, which was anything but satisfactory on some of the estates during the early part of the year, has greatly improved.

Negotiations for the settlement of the boundary between the Dutch and the British North Borneo Company's territory on the East Coast are to be resumed in London at an early date. As all efforts to develop the resources of Province Elphinstone have been suspended, pending the settlement of the southern boundary, it is hoped that the claims of the Dutch Government to the southern portion of that Province will be finally settled without further delay. Some months ago it was arranged to refer the Dutch Boundary question to arbitration, and arbitrators were appointed for the purpose by the Dutch and British Governments, but before the proceedings could be formally commenced it was considered necessary to consult the Sultan of Bulungan, who is nominally the opponent of the British North Borneo Company's claim to the rivers south of the fourth parallel of latitude. The negotiations are now to be resumed with the approval of the Sultan, who is under the protection of the Dutch Government.

About 18 months ago a Chinese Settlement was established by Government near Robin China. The seven pioneers received some small assistance from Government, and obtained grants of land of from 12 to 17 acres each rent free for ten years. The little colony has prospered notwithstanding the ravages of pigs and other wild beasts, and almost all the land has now been cleared, and a good deal of it planted with vegetables and fruit trees. Each of the pioneers is now employing two or three men, and fresh arrivals, including two families, are soon expected from China.—*Herald*.

**DIVERSIFIED ENTERTAINMENT.**  
A blue book is sometimes read.  
A tall man is sometimes very short.  
A good author is sometimes very poor.  
A white man is sometimes very green.  
A lawyer is sometimes an honest man.  
A tender loin steak is sometimes very tough.  
The metal of a politician is known by his ring.

There are no good liars, though some of them are very skillful and talented.  
A dude is a fellow who would be a young girl if he could; but as he can't, does all he can. To show the world he's not a man.

Among married folks there's always a difference between ideas of economy and idleness.  
It is hard to be grateful to the man who fought your battle for you and got licked.

Why doesn't the Ways and Means Committee popularize the tariff by putting theatres on the free list?  
Possible—Atlas supported the world, but who supported Atlas? His wife probably took in washing.

**HER DEVOTION.**  
The sermon's apt to make her vexed,  
When questioned closely on it;  
But if she does not know the text,  
She knows each Easter bonnet.

"You can't eat your dinner and have it too," said the sympathetic steward to the sea-sick passenger.

Acquaintance—So you have determined to marry? Girl of the Period (slyly)—Yes; I see nothing else before me.

A Real Nice Girl—George—Laura, will you be my better half? Laura—Oh, George, how can I, and you so good?

**FIRST PERSON.**  
The lover is an egotist.  
One thing alone asks he,  
And that is not "Love I the maid."  
But "Does the maid love me?"

## HONGKONG TRADING CO., LTD.

(LATE THE HALL & HOLTZ CO-OPERATIVE COMPANY, LIMITED.)

1890—SUMMER SEASON, 1890.

## TAILORING.

WE are now showing a large and varied assortment of HIGH CLASS MATERIALS for Gentlemen's Summer Wear, comprising:—  
Fine Undyed Angola Tweed,  
Fancy Striped Washing Cashmeres,  
Striped and Checked Flannels,  
Twill Cashmere Coatings (a specialty),  
Tennis Flannels in all colors,  
White and Navy Blue Serges,  
Cricketing Flannels, &c., &c.

## OUTFITTING.

Sun Helmets, newest Shapes,  
Straw Hats, Teral Hats,  
Leighorn Hats, Canvas Shoes,  
Russia Leather Shoes,  
Lisle Thread and Silk Hosiery,  
Bath Towels,  
Bathing Drawers, &c., and every requisite for Gentlemen.

1890, SUMMER SEASON, 1890.

## HONGKONG TRADING CO., LTD.

(Late THE HALL & HOLTZ Co., Ltd.)

Hongkong, 23rd May, 1890. [35]

## BANK HOLIDAY.

IN accordance with Ordinance No. 6 of 1875, the Undermentioned BANKS will be CLOSED for the Transaction of Public Business, on MONDAY, the 26th instant, (WHIT MONDAY).

For the CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA, C. F. ROWBAND, Manager, Hongkong.

For the CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA, T. H. WHITEHEAD, Manager, Hongkong.

For the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION, T. JACKSON, Chief Manager.

For the NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, LIMITED, GEO. W. F. PLAYFAIR, Manager, Hongkong.

For the COMPTON NATIONAL ESCOMPTÉ DE PARIS, L. GLENAT, Acting Agent.

Hongkong, 22nd May, 1890. [795]

## THE RICHMOND TERRACE ESTATE AND BUILDING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordinary General Meeting of the SHAREHOLDERS of the Company will be held at its Office over the Hongkong Dispensary, TO-MORROW, the 24th instant, at NOON, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the General Manager, together with a Statement of Accounts to the 31st December, 1889.

THE REGISTER OF SHARES will be CLOSED from THURSDAY, the 22nd instant, to MONDAY, the 26th instant, both days inclusive.

HENRY HUMPHREYS, Secretary.

Hongkong, 17th May, 1890. [774]

## THE HONGKONG ELECTRIC COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the First Ordinary General Meeting of SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company, will be held at the Hongkong Hotel, TO-MORROW, the 24th instant, at NOON, for the purpose of presenting the Report of the Directors together with a Statement of Account to the 30th April, 1890.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from Monday, the 12th to Saturday, the 24th instant, both days inclusive. By Order of the Board of Directors, CHAS. F. HARTON, Acting Secretary.

Hongkong, 8th May, 1890. [734]

## HONGKONG RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

THE monthly Competition for the FAKI CHALLENGE CUP will be held TO-MORROW, the 24th instant, at 4 P.M., 200 yards standing, 300 yards—Sitting or kneeling 7 shots at each. Entrance Fee 30 cents.

C. VIVIAN LADDS, Hon. Secretary. [85]

## NOTICE TO MARINERS.

HONGKONG ROADS.

ON and after the 1st June next, the Light-vessel hitherto moored on Kellert's Bank will be removed.

The depth of water on the Bank has not appreciably changed from what is given on the Admiralty Chart No. 1465.

R. MURRAY RUMSEY, Ret. Com. R.N., Harbour Master, &c.

Harbour Department, Hongkong, 9th May, 1890. [796]

## A. S. WATSON & Co., LIMITED.

FOR the purpose of compiling the annual Return of Shareholders to the Registrar, the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from Saturday, the 24th instant, till Tuesday the 27th instant, both days inclusive, during which period no TRANSFER of SHARES can be Registered.

T. H. TALBOT, Secretary. [798]

## THE STEAM LAUNCH COMPANY, LIMITED.

MACAO I MACAO I MACAO I

On and after the 21st May, 1890,

"PERSEVERANCE" will run daily (weather permitting) until further notice, between Hongkong and Macao, WEEK DAYS.

Leaves Hongkong .....7.30 a.m.  
Macao .....2.30 p.m.

SUNDAYS.  
Leaves Hongkong .....8.00 a.m.  
Macao .....5.00 p.m.

FARES.  
1st Class .....One Dollar Each way.  
2nd .....Fifty cents.

Excursionists will have over Three Hours in Macao, returning same day.

By Order, A. G. GORDON & Co., Ltd. Managers.

Hongkong, 21st May, 1890. [799]



## Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION  
OF  
VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (unless previously disposed of by private contract),

## TO-MORROW,

the 24th May, 1890, at 4.30 P.M., on the Ground.

RURAL BUILDING Lot No. 1, situate on Mount Gough, the Peak, Area 258,589 square feet. Annual Crown Rent \$88; commanding on the North side a splendid view of Victoria Harbour and Kowloon, and on the South side a view of Little Hongkong and out to sea. There is now on the lot a 6 Roomed Bungalow called "Brookhurst" with Garden and Lawn Tennis ground attached.

The Property will be put up in 6 lots so that the Crown Rent for each lot will be extremely small.

For conditions of sale and plans, apply to Messrs. DENNIS & MOSSOP, No. 49 & 51, Queen's Road Central, Messrs. DANBY, LEIGH & ORANGE, Praya Central,

or to G. R. LAMMERT, Auctioneer.

Hongkong, 15th May, 1890. [756]

## PUBLIC AUCTION

OF  
WELL SEASONED HOUSEHOLD  
FURNITURE, PIANO, &c., &c.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on

## SATURDAY,

the 31st May, 1890, commencing at 3.30 p.m., at "Brookhurst" the Peak, the residence of

H. L. DENNIS, Esq.,

THE WHOLE OF HIS WELL SEASONED HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

Which was made expressly for the Peak,

TAPESTRY COVERED DRAWING-ROOM SUITE, CHEFFONIER, COTTAGE PIANO

by CRAMER, CENTRE MARBLE-TOP BLACKWOOD TABLES, WHATNOTS,

PICTURES, ORNAMENTS, CURTAINS, FENDERS, &c.

DINING ROOM FURNITURE, GLASS AND CROCKERY WARE, &c.

IRON BEDSTEADS with Patent Spring MATTRESSES, WARDROBES, MARBLE-TOP WASHING STANDS, and DRESSING TABLES, &c., &c.

Catalogues will be issued prior to Sale, and the above will be on view on Thursday, the 20th inst.

G. R. LAMMERT, Auctioneer.

Hongkong, 21st May, 1890. [790]

## Insurances.

THE FUNDS  
OF THE

## STANDARD LIFE OFFICE

ARE invested entirely within the British Dominions and are thus free from the complications which might arise in time of war. They now amount to Six and three-quarter Millions Sterling, and are increasing yearly. A marked preference continues to be shown for STANDARD POLICIES, and every year since 1865, New Assurances for upwards of £1,000,000 Sums Assured have been placed on the books—a result continued uninterrupted for so long a period by no other British Office.

ADAMSON, BELL & Co., Agents, Hongkong.

810-1

## ATLAS ASSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

THE Undersigned, having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

EDUARD SCHELLHASS & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 12th April, 1890. [599]

## FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF 1877 IN HAMBURG.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

REUTER, BROCKELMANN & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 1st July, 1889. [56]

## GENERAL LIFE AND FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY IN LONDON.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE and LIFE at Current Rates.

REUTER, BROCKELMANN & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 1st July, 1889. [57]

## THE INDIAN IMPERIAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company are prepared to accept MARINE RISKS at Current Rates.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 5th November, 1889. [55]

## GENERAL NOTICE.

## THE ON TAI INSURANCE COMPANY, (LIMITED.)

CAPITAL TAELS 600,000, \$833,333-33  
RESERVE FUND ..... \$18,000.00.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:  
LEE SING, Esq. LO YUEN MOON, Esq.  
LOU TEO SHUN, Esq.

MANAGER.—HO AMEL.

## MARINE RISKS ON GOODS, &amp;c., taken at CURRENT RATES to all parts of the world.

HEAD OFFICE, 8 & 9, PRAYA WEST.

Hongkong, 17th December, 1889. [1091]

## NOTICE.

## THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED.....\$1,000,000.  
The above Company is prepared to accept MARINE RISKS at CURRENT RATES ON GOODS, &c. Policies granted to all Parts of the world payable at any of its Agencies.

WOO LIN YUEN, Secretary.

HEAD OFFICE, No. 2, QUEEN'S ROAD WEST.

Hongkong, 1st February, 1882. [217]

## Intimations.

## THE HONGKONG ELECTRIC COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given to Holders of Shares in the above Company on which the CALL of (4) Four Dollars per Share due 16th November, 1889, is still unpaid, that unless the said Call, with interest at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum from the due date, be paid on or before the 31st day of May next, at the Company's Offices, 6, Ice House Lane, the Shares in respect of which such call was made will be liable to be forfeited, and under the provisions of Article X. Subsection VIII. of the Articles of Association, the Board will pass the necessary resolutions for the forfeiture of the said Shares.

By Order of the Board of Directors,  
CHAS. F. HARTON,  
Acting Secretary.

Hongkong, 15th May, 1890. [764]

## HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that A SPECIAL or EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of this Company will be held at the CITY HALL, Hongkong, on SATURDAY, the 31st day of May next, at noon, for the purpose of considering, and, if approved, of passing the following Resolutions:—

1.—That the Capital of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation be increased from \$7,000,000 to \$10,000,000 by the creation of 30,000 New Shares of \$125, to be issued at the price of £42 10s. Eastern Shareholders to pay for their allotments at the current rate of the day for Demand Bills on London.

2.—That the said New Shares be in the first instance, in such manner as the Directors shall prescribe for that purpose, offered to the Shareholders in the proportion of one New Share for every three Shares of which on the 31st May, 1890, they shall respectively be the Registered Holders, and that any New Shares not accepted by the Shareholders within the time limited by the Directors for that purpose, be disposed of and allotted by the Directors in such manner and at such price as in their discretion they shall think best in the interest of the Company.

3.—That payment of the sum of £42 10s. per share for each of the said New Shares be made as follows, viz:—

£10 12s. 6d. on the 30th day of June, 1890

£10 12s. 6d. " 30th " Sept. "

£10 12s. 6d. " 31st " Dec. "

£10 12s. 6d. " 31st " March, 1891

4.—That the Directors issue to Shareholders holding shares, not a total of Three Fractional certificates in respect of each share in excess of or below such multiple, and allot one new share to every person who shall produce three such Fractional Certificates on or before the 30th June, 1890, and pay the first instalment in respect thereof.

5.—That after payment of the first instalment and pending payment of the future instalments, Scrip Certificates in such form as the Directors may determine be issued in respect of such New Shares, entitling the Holders on payment of the remaining instalments, and subject to such other terms as to approval, date for lodging Scrip Certificates, and otherwise as the Directors may prescribe, to be registered as the Holders of the Shares represented by such Scrip Certificates respectively.

6.—That interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum (free of income tax) be allowed out of the profits of the Company on all instalments paid in advance of the dates when the same become due and that from the 30th June, 1890, Holders of Scrip Certificates be entitled to participate in future dividends, in proportion to the amount of instalments paid up, on an equality with the other Shareholders of the Company.

7.—That interest at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum be charged on every instalment which shall not be punctually paid, and be paid with such instalments.

8.—That all moneys received from premiums on the said New Shares be added to the Reserve Funds.

FOR THE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION,

WADE GARDNER,

Acting Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 2nd April, 1890. [570]

## THE TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF CHINA, JAPAN, AND THE STRAITS, LIMITED.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED .....£1,000,000

RESERVE FUND .....£40,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

WM. KESWICK (Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co.) Chairman.

ADOLF VON ANDRE (Messrs. André, Mendel & Co.)

EDMUND IYSON (Messrs. Iyson & Co.)

DAVID MCLEAN (Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation)

S. WYLLIES POMEROY (Messrs. Russell & Co.)

F. D. SASSOON (late Messrs. David Sassoon, Sons & Co.)

M. D. STEWART (Messrs. Stewart, Thomson & Co.)

HONGKONG COMMITTEE:

W. H. FORBES (Messrs. Russell & Co.) Chairman.

Hon. J. J. KESWICK (Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co.)

Hon. C. P. CHATER.

This Company is now prepared to make Loans or advance upon all kinds of Goods and upon approved Securities; and to transact the business provided for in the Memorandum of Association. For information, terms of business, &c., apply to

DE WESTLEY LAYTON,

Secretary,

Victoria Buildings, Queen's Road.

Hongkong, 3rd May, 1890. [712]

## SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF PURE COD LIVER OIL

With Hypophosphites of Lime & Soda.

PALATABLE AS MILK.

The only preparation of COD LIVER OIL that can be taken readily and for a long time.

AS A REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS, ANEMIA, GENERAL DEBILITY, COUGHS, AND THROAT AFFECTIONS, AND ALL WASTING DISORDERS OF CHILDREN, ADULTS IT IS UNRIVALLED IN ITS EFFECTS.

Prescribed and endorsed by the best Physicians.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & DRUGGISTS.

Agents for China and Hongkong:

Messrs. A. S. WATSON & Co. (LIMITED.)

Hongkong, 6th December, 1888.

## STEAMERS EXPECTED IN HONGKONG.

STEAMERS.	FROM.	DATE DUE.	AGENTS.
Hankow	London	May 25th	Siemssen & Co.
Mencaus	Liverpool	May 25th	Butterfield & Swire.
Malwa	London	May 26th	P. & O. S. N. Co.
Katsang	Calcutta	May 27th	Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Teheran	Bombay	May 2nd	P. & O. S. N. Co.

## STEAMERS LOADING IN HONGKONG.

DESTINATION.	VESSELS.	AGENTS.	DATE OF LEAVING.
London, &c., via Suez Canal	Rohilla	P. & O. S. N. Co.	May 29th, at noon.
London, via Suez Canal	Deucalion	Butterfield & Swire.	May 27th.
London	Chingwo	Arnhold, Karberg & Co.	About June 5th.
Bremen, via Ports of Call.	Neckar	Melchers & Co.	June 4th, at 4 p.m.
Havre & Hamburg, &c.	Aglaia	Siemssen & Co.	May 27th, at 10 a.m.
Vancouver, B.C., via N. &c.	City of Rio de Janeiro	Adamson, Bell & Co.	June 12th, at noon.
San Francisco, via Panama	Gaelic	Pacific Mail S. S. Co.	June 3rd, at 1 p.m.
Sydney, Melbourne, &c.	Memmuir	O. & S. S. Co.	June 14th, at 1 p.m.
Port Darwin, &c.	Changsha	Russell & Co.	May 27th, at 4 p.m.
Calcutta, via Straits	Yuen Sang	Butterfield & Swire.	May 30th, daylight.
Straits and Bombay	Thibet	Jardine, Matheson & Co.	May 27th, at noon.
Bangkok	Kong Beng	P. & O. S. N. Co.	May 25th, daylight.
Yokohama, via Nag., &c.	Ancona	P. & O. S. N. Co.	May 31st, daylight.
Yokohama and Kobe	Lennox	Adamson, Bell & Co.	May 27th.
Tientsin	Yiksang	Jardine, Matheson & Co.	About June 3rd.
Shanghai	Malwa	P. & O. S. N. Co.	Quick despatch.
Shanghai, Kobe, &c.	Glenish	Jardine, Matheson & Co.	To-morrow, at 5 p.m.
Shanghai, via Amoy	Kelang	Butterfield & Swire.	May 25th, daylight.
Foochow and Tientsin	Nanning	Jardine, Matheson & Co.	To-morrow, at 3 p.m.
Manila, via Amoy	Zafiro	Russell & Co.	To-morrow, at 4 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy, &c.	Clara	A. R. Marty	To-morrow, daylight.
Swatow	Thales	Douglas Lafrank & Co.	May 27th, daylight.
Swatow	Pakshan	Hop Hing Hong	May 25th, afternoon.

## Intimations.

NOTICE.  
HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

SHIPMASTERS AND ENGINEERS are respectfully informed that, if upon their arrival in this HARBOUR none of the COMPANY'S FOREMEN should be at hand, ORDERS FOR REPAIRS, if sent to the HEAD OFFICE, No. 14, Praya Central, will receive prompt attention.

In the event of complaints being found necessary, communication with the Undersigned is requested, when immediate steps will be taken to rectify the cause of dissatisfaction.

D. GILLIES, Secretary.

Hongkong, 25th August, 1886. [15]

## Dr. Knorr's ANTIPYRINE.

(Dose for Adults 15 to 25 grains troy)

IS the most approved and most efficacious remedy in cases of HEADACHE, MIGRAINE, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, FEVER, TYPHUS, ERYSIPELAS, HOOPING-COUGH, and many other complaints. It is also the very best Antiseptic. Highly recommended by the medical Faculty. To be had at every reputable Chemist and Druggist. Ask for Dr. KNORR'S ANTIPYRINE! Each Tin bears the inventor's signature "Dr. KNORR" in red letters.

Supplies constantly on hand at the China Export, Import, and Bank Co.—Sole Agents for China. Beware of spurious imitations!

Hongkong 20th May, 1889. [244]

## HONGKONG HIGH LEVEL TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LTD.

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

To take effect from 1st May.

The CARS RUN between St. John's Place and Victoria Gap as follows:—

## WEEK DAYS.

8 to 10 A.M. every quarter of an hour.

10 to 1 P.M. every quarter of an hour.

1 to 2 P.M. every half hour.

4 to 8 P.M. every quarter of an hour.

## THURSDAYS.

NIGHT TRAM at 10.30 and 11 P.M.

## SUNDAYS.

CHURCH TRAM at 10.40 A.M.

12 (NOON) to 2 P.M. every quarter of an hour.

4 to 8 P.M. every quarter of an hour.

9, 10, 10.30 and 11 P.M.

Special Cars may be obtained on application to the Superintendent.

Single Tickets are sold in the Cars; Five-Cent Coupons and Reduced Tickets at the Office.

MACLEWEN, FRICKEL & Co., General Managers.

Hongkong, 30th April, 1890. [689]

## NOTICE.

## THOMAS KERR &amp; CO.

ENGINEERS, BOILER-MAKERS AND CONTRACTORS.

YAU-MA-TI ENGINEERING WORKS, Kowloon.

Hongkong, 6th June, 1889. [126]

## CHS. J. GAUPP &amp; CO.

CHRONOMETER, WATCH, AND CLOCK-MAKERS, JEWELLERS, SILVER-SMITHS, AND OPTICIANS.

CHARTS AND BOOKS.

NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Sole Agents for London, Australia, &c., awarded the highest Prize at every Exhibition; and for Volcklinger and Sohn's CELEBRATED OPERA GLASSES.

MARINE GLASSES and SPYGLASSES, No. 8, Queen's Road Central. [743]

## HONGKONG TIMBER YARD, WANCHAI.

OREGON PINE SPARS and LUMBER Always on Hand.

L. MALLORY, [785]

Hongkong 24th June 1881.

## Notices of Firms.

## NOTICE.

## CRUICKSHANK &amp; Co., LIMITED.

MR. JAMES STEPHEN has been appointed GENERAL MANAGER of the above named Company from the 1st of June next. Until that date he will conduct the business as Acting Manager.

WM. CRUICKSHANK, General Manager.

Hongkong, 22nd May, 1890. [794]

## THE TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF CHINA, JAPAN, AND THE STRAITS, LIMITED.

MR. DE WESTLEY LAYTON has been appointed SECRETARY of the Company's Branch Office in Hongkong.

By Order of the Board of Directors,  
WM. H. FORBES,

Chairman of Hongkong Committee.

Hongkong, 3rd May, 1890. [711]

## To be Let.

## TO BE LET.

FIRST FLOOR of No. 1, Blue Buildings.

From 1st June.

Apply to THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., Ltd.

Victoria Buildings, Hongkong, 20th April, 1890. [691]

## TO LET.

NO. 55, PEEL STREET.

EDWARD GEORGE.

Hongkong, 22nd May, 1890. [110]

## TO LET.

ROOMS in "COLLEGE CHAMBERS."

9, STONEHENGE, Robinson Road, from 1st May.

Apply to DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.

Hongkong, 16th April, 1890. [713]

## TO LET.

NO. 14, BELLIOS TERRACE, from 1st June, 1890.

Apply to FZEKIEL & JOSEPH,

30, Queen's Road.

Hongkong, 17th May, 1890. [776]